

## ICT in Education Initiatives: Expectations and Ways Forward to Achieve the SDGs

Sustainable Education Meeting September 19, 2017

## VISION

A world where everyone has the opportunity to learn and prosper.



### **Centre for Innovative Teaching and Learning in ICT**



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Objectives

Spark innovation and promote promising practices in the use of ICT for teaching and learning to catalyze significant improvements in secondary education across Africa.

Develop new digital learning resources for African classrooms.

Support education leaders to formulate evidence-based ICT policies and plans and foster a network of education innovators.

Advance understanding of 'what works' in ICT for education through knowledge generation and sharing best practice.

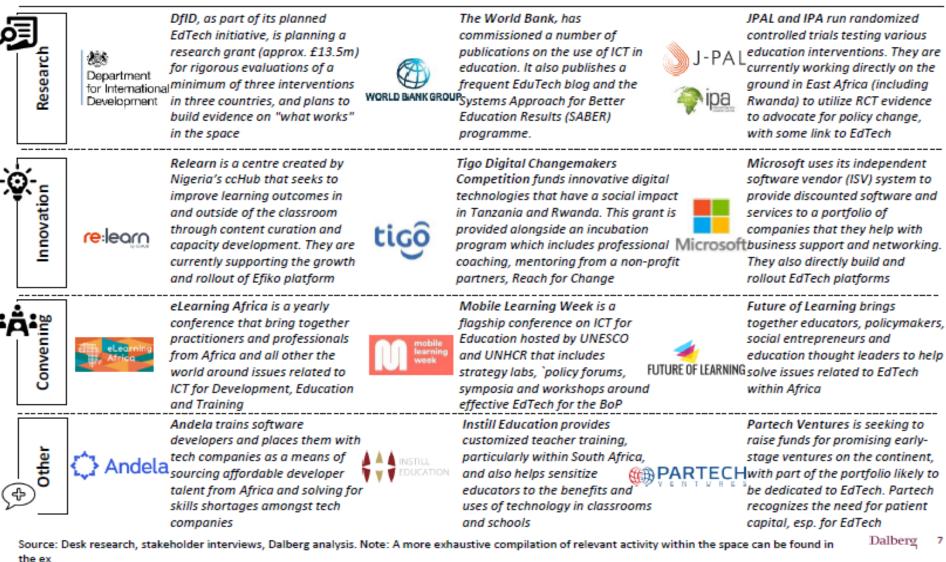
Foster ICT Innovations Convene Stakeholders

**Advance Research** 

### **Ed-tech is on the rise**



#### Activities



# Growing number of Ed Tech entrepreneurs at early stages, with fewer at growth or mature stage



There are limited mature-stage EdTech

There are a large number of early



There are a handful of growth-stage

\*Due to limited information available during desk review, the number of users is used for illustrative purposes – It is estimated by the stage of growth (expansion of products, expansion to geographies, etc.) and relative user reach compared to other players in the market.

# Constraints are at both the education and ecosystem level



#### Government\*

There is limited accountability of and capacity within government to effectively regulate and implement EdTech in classrooms, even when funding is available

#### Parents and Community

Effective use of technology-enabled solutions in the classroom is typically not a major concern for parents and community members, who may lack the digital literacy to effectively engage themselves

#### Schools/ Administrators

School leaders can be constrained by lack of resources, connectivity, and buy-in from government. They may also not see EdTech as a priority, given competing priorities and limited evidence

#### Teachers

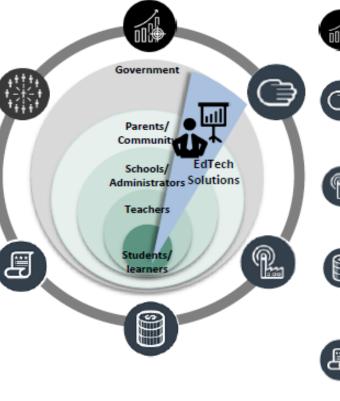


Teachers are typically overburdened, under-resourced, and undercapacitated, leaving little room for effective EdTech in the classroom

#### Students / Learners\*\*

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Learners oftentimes lack access to EdTech; Even when they do, technology may be poorly tailored, or learners may not be using the technology for learning, requiring careful support



#### Market Access

Access to market is limited, resulting from interlinked challenges, including lack of government receptiveness, the high cost of building partnerships to serve less lucrative consumer segments, and limited demand

#### Knowledge and Data

There is very limited information available regarding the efficacy of EdTech, which inhibits the ability of implementers to design solutions and funders to provide appropriate and well-targeted funding



#### Infrastructure

A lack of devices, high costs of data to run software, limited access to internet connectivity, and intermittent power hamper broader uptake of EdTech, especially in poorer and rural areas.

#### Funding

Private capital is available, but few solutions can generate viable returns for investors. Donor funding often limits the amount of money implementers can spend on operations, causing challenges for businesses seeking scale

#### Policy

Policies and regulations are not keeping up with rapid tech changes. Policymakers are typically unwilling to invest in EdTech at large scale as a result of its cost and limited evidence of effectiveness, oftentimes only engaging on curriculum design



#### Human Capital

The availability of software developers and businessminded talent required to build and grow solutions is lacking in many of the less mature markets. Tech experts often create solutions keeping technologies first rather than students and teachers

Source: Stakeholder interviews, Dalberg analysis. Note: \*Government in this context refers more to civil servants and officials charged with administering the delivery of education, Dalberg 9 rather than creating the policy environment \*\*Learners in this context includes secondary school-aged children that are not currently attending formal secondary school.



### **Innovators and entrepreneurs need several things**

- Information about the size of the market
- Viable business models
- Tested product design
- Patient capital to test and refine models
- Exposure/linkages with investors/governments

# Bridging the existing gaps and accelerating Ed Tech innovation in Africa



